Under the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA), Local or Tribal Emergency Planning Committees (LEPCs or TEPCs) must develop an emergency response plan, review the plan at least annually, and provide information about chemicals in the community to citizens. Plans are developed by these emergency planning committees with stakeholder participation. There is one emergency planning committee for each of the more than 3,000 designated local and tribal emergency planning districts. The emergency planning committee membership must include (at a minimum):

^{*} Elected state, local, and tribal officials;

^{*} Police, fire, civil defense, and public health professionals;

^{*} Environment, transportation, and hospital officials;

^{*} Facility representatives; and

^{*} Representatives from community groups and the media.